

1. Inoya-gu. Totomi province.

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Inoya gu, List of the festivals.

At Inoya, In-sa gun, Totomi province, Shizuoka Pre.

Dedicated to:

Munenaga Shinno.

Sort history of the shrine.

The deity Munenaga Shinno was a son of the Emperor Godaigo. The reign of the Emperor Godaigo (1318--1339) was the very tumultuous and rebellious ages; and it was the beginning of the dual dynasties in Japan and very declining age of the Imperial Cause. Under such circumstances, the prince Munenaga fought at many places for the Imperial cause against the enemy during more than half^a century of his later age. He ~~also~~ sometimes entered to the province of Totomi and was defending the castle at I-i. And it is said the prince died here in the castle at his age of 74 in the 2nd year of Genchu (1385).

The Prince was once a Buddhist priest and for a time^{he was} the abbot of the Enryakuji (temple) on the mount of Hiei near Kyoto, and his Buddhist name was Soncho and sometimes fought for the Emperor, with the force of his sacerdotal soldiers.

The shrine has been^{for the first time} built in the 2nd year of Meiji (1868) and enlisted as Kwanpei chusha on the 9th June in the 6th year of Meiji (1873)

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places for the Imperial cause against the enemy during more than
half century of his later age. He also sometimes entered to

the province of Totomi and was defending a castle at I-I.

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74 in the 2nd year of Genchu (1383).

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abbot of the Enryakuji (temple) on the mount of Hiei near Kyoto.

and his Buddhist name was Soncho and sometimes fought for the

Emperor, with the force of his ascetical soldiers.

The shrine has been built in the 2nd year of Meiji (1868)

and enlisted as Kwanpei chusha on the 24th June in the 6th year of

Meiji (1873)

2. Inoya-gu. Totomi prov.

List of the festivals.

Jan. 1. Saitan sai.

" 3. Genshi sai.

Feb. 11. Kigensetsu sai.

" 12. Gochinza-kinensai, or the festival to commemorate the day when the Mitatashiro^{ma} of the deity * has been for the first time enshrined on the 12th Feb. 1872.

" Kinen sai.

March. Shunki kworeisai.

April. 3. Jimmu Tenno sai.

June 30. Oho harai shiji.

July 30. Meiji Tenno sai.

Aug. 31. Tenchosetsu sai.

Sept. 22. Rei sai.

Sept. Shuki kworei sai.

Oct. 17. Kanname sai.

Nov. Ni-i-name sai.

Dec. 5. Hatsuho sai.

On this day rice plants with ripened ears are exchanged among the parishioners, and excellent plants with their stocks are offered to the ^{deity} shrine.

Dec. 31. Oho harai shiki.

" 31. Joya sai.

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Jan. 1.	Saiten sai.	
" 2.	Gemari sai.	
Feb. 11.	Kigenetsu sai.	
" 12.	Gochinza-kinen sai.	or the festival to commemorate the day when the Mifashiro of the deity has been for the first time enshrined on the 12th Feb. 1872.
"	Kinen sai.	
March.	Shunki kworei sai.	
April. 3.	Jimmu Tanno sai.	
June 30.	Ono harai shiki.	June 9. the festival to commemorate the day when the shrine has been enlited as the Kwan-pei chuasha.
July 30.	Meiji Tanno sai.	
Aug. 31.	Tenchosetsu sai.	
Sept. 22.	Kai sai.	
Sept.	Shunki kworei sai.	
Oct. 17.	Kanname sai.	
Nov.	Hi-I-name sai.	
Dec. 3.	Hatsuno sai.	
Dec. 31.	Ono harai shiki.	On this day rice plants with ripened ears are exchanged among the parishioners, and excellent plants with their stocks are offered to the shrine.
" 31.	Joya sai.	

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